

IN MATRICO[®] Lung Fibrosis Assay

The IN MATRICO[®] Lung Fibrosis Platform is a physiologically-relevant, high-fidelity, cell-based 3D assay comprised of primary human lung fibroblasts in primary human idiopathic pulmonary fibrosis (IPF) extracellular matrix (ECM). IN MATRICO® Lung Fibrosis Platform enables drug candidates to be evaluated in a disease-relevant environment leading to more accurate and predictive results.



Procure human lung tissues

Isolate extracellular matrix (ECM)



Human COL1A1 and CTGF protein levels in IN MATRICO® supernatants. Primary human lung fibroblasts were seeded in IPF ECMs ± TGFB (5 ng/mL) and maintained in culture for 72 hours for supernatant collection (*p<0.05).

IN MATRICO® Assay Description

Assay Plate	TissueSpec [®] ECM Scaffolds	
Cell Type	Human Lung Fibroblasts (Primary)	
ЕСМ Туре	Human IPF ECM (Primary)	
Analysis Method	ELISA	
Markers	COL1A1, CTGF, COL3A1, IL-11, TIMP-1	
Replicates	3	
Test Concentrations	4 (e.g., 0, 100, 500, 1000 nM)	
Controls	Nintedanib, Vehicle	
Data Delivery	Protein Concentration in Supernatants	
Alternate Readouts	Gene Expression, Cell Viability	

IN MATRICO[®] Assay Workflow **Cell Seeding**

(18 hours)

Cell Treatment (72 hours)

Standard-of-Care Drug Testing



Human COL1A1 and CTGF protein levels in response to Nintedanib and Pirfenidone. Primary human lung fibroblasts were seeded in IPF ECMs plus TGF β (5 ng/mL) and treated with Nintedanib (1 μ M) or Pirfenidone (1 mM). Supernatants were collected after 72 hours (*p<0.05).

IN MATRICO[®] versus 2D Lung Fibrosis Assay

Sample Collection & Analysis

(2-4 weeks)

Assay Features	IN MATRICO®	Standard*
Physiological Relevance	High	Low
Reproducibility	High	High
IPF Microenvironment	Yes	No
Cell-Matrix Interactions	Yes	No
Three Dimensional (3D)	Yes	No
		*2D plastic plate (no ECM)

opportunities. contact For partnering us at info@xylyxbio.com. Our services team will work closely with you to leverage our IN MATRICO[®] Lung Fibrosis Platform to meet your research needs.